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INTERSTATE SHIPMENT: From the State of Michigan into the State of Georgia, of a quantity of diethylstilbestrol perles.

ALLEGED VIOLATION: On or about November 2, 1950, while the drug was being held for sale at the Standard Pharmacy after shipment in interstate commerce, the Standard Pharmacy and Thomas L. White caused a number of the diethylstilbestrol perles to be repacked and sold without a physician's prescription, which acts resulted in the repackaged drugs being misbranded.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Misbranding, Sections 502 (b) (1) and (2), the repackaged drug bore no label containing the name and place of business of the manufacturer, packer, or distributor, or a statement of the quantity of the contents; Section 502 (e) (1), the repackaged drug bore no label containing the common or usual name of the drug; and, Section 502 (f) (1), the labeling of the repackaged drug bore no directions for use.

DISPOSITION: September 28, 1951. Pleas of guilty having been entered, the court imposed a fine of \$150 against each defendant.

3561. Misbranding of dextro-amphetamine sulfate tablets and phenobarbital tablets. U. S. v. Alexander Canales, Sr., (West Dallas Drug Store), and Edmund L. Hall. Pleas of guilty. Fine of \$1,000 against Defendant Canales and fine of \$500 against Defendant Hall. Jail sentence of 6 months against each defendant suspended; each defendant placed on probation. (F. D. C. No. 30575. Sample Nos. 54210-K, 75121-K, 75123-K to 75126-K, incl.)

Information Filed: September 17, 1951, Northern District of Texas, against Alexander Canales, Sr., trading as the West Dallas Drug Store, Dallas, Tex., and Edmund L. Hall, a pharmacist in the drug store.

INTERSTATE SHIPMENT: From the States of Pennsylvania and Indiana into the State of Texas, quantities of dextro-amphetamine sulfate tablets and phenobarbital tablets.

ALLEGED VIOLATION: On or about July 7, 9, 11, and 13, 1950, while the drugs were being held for sale at the West Dallas Drug Store after shipment in interstate commerce, various quantities of the drugs were repacked and sold without a prescription, which acts resulted in the repackaged drugs being misbranded.

Alexander Canales, Sr., was charged with causing the acts of repacking and sale of the drugs involved in each of the 6 counts of the information; and, in addition, Edmund L. Hall was charged in one count with causing such acts to be done in connection with the drug involved in that count.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Misbranding, Section 502 (b) (1), the repackaged phenobarbital tablets and portions of the repackaged dextro-amphetamine sulfate tablets failed to bear labels containing the name and place of business of the manufacturer, packer, or distributor; Section 502 (b) (2), the repackaged drugs bore no labels containing statements of the quantity of the contents; and, Section 502 (f) (1), the labeling of the repackaged drugs bore no directions for use.

Further misbranding, Section 502 (d), the *phenobarbital tablets* contained a chemical derivative of barbituric acid, which derivative has been found to be, and by regulations designated as, habit forming; and the label of the repackaged tablets failed to bear the name, and quantity or proportion of such derivative and in juxtaposition therewith the statement "Warning—May be habit forming."

Further misbranding, Section 502 (e) (1), a portion of the dextro-amphetamine sulfate tablets failed to bear a label containing the common or usual name of the drug.

- DISPOSITION: September 17, 1951. Pleas of guilty having been entered, the court imposed a fine of \$1,000 against Defendant Canales and a fine of \$500 against Defendant Hall. The court imposed also a sentence of 6 months in jail against each defendant, which was suspended, and placed each defendant on probation for 1 year.
- 3562. Misbranding of dextro-amphetamine sulfate tablets, methyltestosterone tablets, and d-desoxyephedrine hydrochloride tablets. U. S. v. Houston's Drug Store, Inc., and Glenn Jackson. Plea of nolo contendere for corporation and plea of guilty for individual. Fine of \$250 against corporation; sentence of 1 year's imprisonment against individual. Individual's sentence suspended and this defendant placed on probation for 5 years. (F. D. C. No. 30016. Sample Nos. 63672-K, 63948-K, 81811-K, 81822-K, 81825-K.)
- Information Filed: On or about January 2, 1951, Southern District of Florida, against Houston's Drug Store, Inc., Jacksonville, Fla., and Glenn Jackson, secretary-treasurer of the corporation.
- INTERSTATE SHIPMENT: From the States of Pennsylvania, New Jersey, and New York, into the State of Florida, of quantities of dextro-amphetamine sulfate tablets, methyltestosterone tablets, and d-desoxyephedrine hydrochloride tablets.
- Alleged Violation: On or about April 10, 25, 27, and 29, and May 1, 1950, while the drugs were being held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce, the defendants caused one bottle of methyltestosterone tablets to be sold and disposed of to a purchaser in the original bottle in which the tablets had been shipped in interstate commerce, without the prescription of a physician; and the defendants repacked various quantities of dextro-amphetamine sulfate tablets and d-desoxyenhedrine hydrochloride tablets and sold the repackaged drugs without prescriptions, which acts of the defendants resulted in the drugs being misbranded.
- NATURE OF CHARGE: Methyltestosterone tablets. Misbranding, Section 502 (f) (1), the labeling of the drug bore no directions for use. (The bottle in which the tablets were shipped in interstate commerce bore no directions for use since it was exempted from such requirement by the statement on the label "Caution: To be dispensed only by or on the prescription of a physician." The act of the defendants in dispensing the drug without a physician's prescription, however, caused the exemption to expire.)

Dextro-amphetamine sulfate tablets and d-desoxyephedrine hydrochloride tablets. Misbranding, Section 502 (f) (1), the labeling of the repackaged drugs failed to bear any directions for use.

Further misbranding, Section 502 (b) (2), the repackaged drugs failed to bear labels containing accurate statements of the quantity of the contents since the label of a portion of the repackaged d-desoxyephedrine hydrochloride tablets bore the statement "100," whereas the bottle contained less than 100 tablets; and the remainder of the repackaged d-desoxyephedrine hydrochloride tablets and the dextro-amphetamine sulfate tablets bore no labels containing statements of the quantity of the contents.